

# I.B.

## EXAM

### MODEL PRACTICE SET

# INTELLIGENCE BUREAU INTELLIGENCE OFFICER EXAM

#### GENERAL KNOWLEDGE, REASONING & ARITHMETIC

- Most of the Harappan inscriptions were recorded on—
  - seals
  - bricks
  - bronze plates
  - rocks
- Who founded Patliputra ?
  - Ashoka
  - Bimbisara
  - Udayin
  - Mahapadma Nand
- Who introduced the iqtadari system ?
  - Balban
  - Allauddin Khilji
  - Firoz Shah Tughlaq
  - Iltutmish
- The Indian Space Research Organization is in—
  - Trivandrum
  - Bangalore
  - Thumba
  - Sriharikota
- Which kind of power accounts for the largest share of power generation in India ?
  - hydro electricity
  - thermal
  - nuclear
  - solar
- The largest number of cotton textile mills is, in—
  - Maharashtra
  - Gujarat
  - Tamil Nadu
  - Karnataka
- Who among the following Presidents held office for two consecutive terms ?
  - Dr. Rajendra Prasad
  - Dr. S. Radhakrishnan
  - Dr. Zakir Hussain
  - Both (1) and (2)
- How many types of emergencies have been envisaged by the Constitution ?
  - Only one
  - Two
  - Three
  - Four
- Who is legally competent to declare war or conclude peace ?
  - The Parliament
  - The President
  - The Council of Ministers
  - Prime Minister
- 'World Environment Day' is on—
  - 15th June
  - 10th May
  - 5th June
  - 10th December
- Under the Indian Constitution, concentration of wealth violates—
  - the right to equality
  - the directive principles
  - the right to freedom
  - the concept of welfare state
- The disease "Beri Beri" is caused by the deficiency of—
  - iodine
  - hormones
  - iron
  - vitamin-B
- The substance coated on plastic tape recorder tapes is—
  - Zinc oxide
  - Magnesium oxide
  - Iron sulphate
  - Iron oxide
- The inside of a photographic camera is coated black to avoid—
  - scattering of light
  - total internal reflection of light
  - reflection of light
  - absorption of light
- Muscle fatigue occurs due to the accumulation of—
  - pyruvic acid
  - lactic acid
  - oxalacetic acid
  - uric acid
- The Venue for Olympics in 2012 is—
  - Athens
  - Seoul
  - London
  - New Delhi
- Which state produces maximum Soyabean in India ?
  - Madhya Pradesh
  - Uttar Pradesh
  - Bihar
  - Rajasthan
- Which of the following combination of category – winner is not about the 56th National Film Award which were announced on January 23, 2010 ?
  - Best Feature Film – Antaheen
  - Best Actress – Katrina Kaif
  - Best Actor – Upenendra Limaye
  - Best Popular Film – Oye Lucky ! Lucky Oye !
- Which state at present ranks first in milk production in India?
  - Haryana
  - Punjab
  - Rajasthan
  - Uttar Pradesh
- What was the field of Sunderrajan Committee ?
  - Petroleum
  - Small Industry
  - Education
  - Power
- Every resource available on the web has an address that may—
  - URI
  - HTTP
  - both (1) and (2)
  - None of these
- The process of a computer receiving information from a server on the Internet is known as
  - pulling
  - pushing
  - downloading
  - transferring
- What is Modem ?
  - Transister
  - Vacuum tube
  - Modulating and demodulating device
  - None of these
- The first English factory in India was established at—
  - Bombay
  - Surat
  - Hooghly
  - Calcutta
- Ain-i-Dehsala was introduced as a method of assessment of land revenue by—
  - Sher Shah
  - Shahjahan
  - Akbar
  - Aurangzeb

26. Who among the following was the founder of the Khudai Khidmatgar organisation ?  
 (1) Khan Abdul Ghaffar Khan  
 (2) Abdul Rab Nistar  
 (3) Shaukatullah Ansari  
 (4) Khan Abdul Quayum Khan
27. Who committed the most daring murder in 1907 of Sir Curzon Wylie at a public meeting in London ?  
 (1) B N Dutta  
 (2) M L Dhingra  
 (3) Sardar Ajit Singh  
 (4) S C Chatterjee
28. Who among the following won the Indian Science Congress Award on January 3, 2010 ?  
 (1) CR Rao  
 (2) SM Saha  
 (3) A Jayakishnan  
 (4) UR Rao
29. The Minorities Commission was given statutory status in—  
 (1) 1989 (2) 1990  
 (3) 1991 (4) 1992
30. Who is responsible for keeping the voters list upto date at all times ?  
 (1) The President  
 (2) The Election Commission  
 (3) The Union Home Ministry  
 (4) All the above
31. The code of conduct of political parties during elections is prescribed by the—  
 (1) President of India  
 (2) Union Cabinet  
 (3) Election Commission  
 (4) Speaker of Lok Sabha in consultation with all the recognised political parties
32. The Mehsana breed of buffalo is found mainly in—  
 (1) Punjab  
 (2) Gujarat  
 (3) Uttar Pradesh  
 (4) Haryana
33. Which of the following has the oldest rocks in the country ?  
 (1) the Himalayas  
 (2) the Aravallis  
 (3) the Indo-Gangetic plain  
 (4) the Siwaliks
34. The leeward side of a mountain which does not receive rain is known as the—  
 (1) dry zone  
 (2) desert area  
 (3) rain-shadow area  
 (4) adiabatically dry area
35. Which Industry provides jobs to the maximum number of people:  
 (1) iron and steel  
 (2) cotton textile  
 (3) sugar industry  
 (4) tea processing
36. Which of the following breeds of chicken is the most prolific egg layer in the world ?  
 (1) Astro White  
 (2) Brahma  
 (3) Black Minorca  
 (4) White Leghorn
37. Which of the following won the Dr. BC Roy Trophy in the Junior (Under-19) National football championship in Mandya, Karnataka on January 10, 2010?  
 (1) Orissa (2) Karnataka  
 (3) Manipur (4) Kerala
38. Human T-cell leukemia virus is known to cause—  
 (1) blood cancer  
 (2) AIDS  
 (3) cerebral haemorrhage  
 (4) hepatitis
39. Heroin can be prepared by acetylation of—  
 (1) reserpine  
 (2) morphine  
 (3) salicylic acid  
 (4) guanine
40. The pair of metals used in the manufacture of stainless steel are—  
 (1) chromium and steel  
 (2) zinc and iron  
 (3) copper and iron  
 (4) iron and chromium
41. The substance that contains the maximum amount of nitrogen is—  
 (1) Urea  
 (2) Ammonium sulphate  
 (3) Ammonium nitrate  
 (4) Ammonium chloride
42. The centre option of the top right in a window screen is:  
 (1) Maximize (2) Minimize  
 (3) Close (4) Help
43. The extension of a screen saver file is—  
 (1) bmp (2) pic  
 (3) sct  
 (4) no extension at all
44. Burj Dubai, the world's tallest structure was opened in Dubai on January 4, 2010. What is the height of this structure ?  
 (1) 825 metres  
 (2) 826 metres  
 (3) 828 metres  
 (4) 832 metres
45. The difference between GDP and NDP is—  
 (1) Government revenue  
 (2) Net indirect Tax  
 (3) Consumption of fixed capital  
 (4) Net capital formation
46. What is Green Gold ?  
 (1) Tea (2) Coffee  
 (3) Gold (4) Rice
47. The Quit India Movement was organised in—  
 (1) 1930 (2) 1940  
 (3) 1942 (4) 1947
48. "Rajtarangini" written by Kalhan is—  
 (1) a history of Kashmir  
 (2) an anthology of lyrics  
 (3) Both (1) and (2)  
 (4) None of these
49. Individual Civil Disobedience movement was launched in—  
 (1) 1942 (2) 1945  
 (3) 1940 (4) 1946
50. Acetyl salicylic acid is commonly use as—  
 (1) tear gas  
 (2) a fertiliser  
 (3) a pain killer  
 (4) a sedative
51. Which of the following Fundamental Rights is not included under the heading Right to equality in the Indian Constitution ?  
 (1) Prohibition of discrimination on grounds only of religion, race, caste, sex or place of birth  
 (2) Abolition of untouchability  
 (3) Abolition of titles  
 (4) Protection of life and personal liberty
52. Which of the following Fundamental Rights is included under the heading 'Right to freedom' in the Constitution ?

- (1) Freedom of conscience  
 (2) Freedom to manage religious affairs  
 (3) Freedom of movement  
 (4) Freedom as to payment of taxes for promotion of any particular religion
53. Which Article of the Constitution contains provisions for the imposition of press censorship?  
 (1) Art. 19  
 (2) read with Art. 19(1)  
 (2) Art. 32  
 (3) Art. 29 (4) Art. 19(6)
54. The judicial power of the President refers to—  
 (1) his power to grant pardon etc.  
 (2) his power to refer to the Supreme Court for its opinion in respect of a question of law or fact  
 (3) his power to appoint Judges of the Supreme Court and High Courts  
 (4) All of the above powers
55. Longest cell in human body are—  
 (1) Nerve cells  
 (2) Bone cells  
 (3) Leg muscle cells  
 (4) Heart muscle cells
56. In DNA, adenine pairs with—  
 (1) Guanine (2) Thymine  
 (3) Cytosine (4) Uracil
57. The site of glycolysis is—  
 (1) Mitochondria  
 (2) Cytoplasm  
 (3) Endoplasmic Reticulum  
 (4) Ribosomes
58. Name of fastest enzyme is:  
 (1) Urease (2) Sucrose  
 (3) Carbonic anhydrase  
 (4) None of these
59. The term 'antibiotic' was first used by—  
 (1) Fleming (2) Pasteur  
 (3) Lister (4) Waksman
60. Phycology deals with study of:  
 (1) Algae (2) Fungi  
 (3) Microbes (4) Bacteria
61. Largest and heaviest mammal of the world is:  
 (1) Elephant (2) Tiger  
 (3) Lion (4) Blue whale
62. When population reaches carrying capacity—  
 (1) Mortality Rate > Birth Rate  
 (2) Mortality Rate < Birth Rate  
 (3) Mortality Rate = Birth Rate  
 (4) None of these
63. National park associated with Rhinoceros is—  
 (1) Ranthambore  
 (2) Kaziranga  
 (3) Carbett  
 (4) Valley of flowers
64. Wood is a common name of—  
 (1) Phloem (2) Cambium  
 (3) Vascular bundles  
 (4) Secondary Xylem
65. Kautilya's Arthashastra is a book on—  
 (1) Foreign affairs  
 (2) Principles and practises of statecraft  
 (3) Economic relations  
 (4) Duties of the king
66. Generally the Prime Minister is—  
 (1) The senior most member of the Parliament  
 (2) The leader of the largest Party in the Lok Sabha  
 (3) A close friend of the President  
 (4) Only a member of Parliament
67. Water Pollution is caused by:  
 (1) Sodium chloride  
 (2) Calcium  
 (3) Industrial wastes  
 (4) Molasses
68. \_\_\_ and India, on January 5, 2010, agreed to resolve outstanding issues relating to water sharing and jointly start work for the protection of banks of the common rivers.  
 (1) Nepal (2) Pakistan  
 (3) China (4) Bangladesh
69. The heating element in an electric heater is made of \_\_\_  
 (1) Copper (2) Tungsten  
 (3) Nichrome (4) Iron
70. What is needed or creating demand?  
 (1) Production  
 (2) Price  
 (3) Import (4) Income
71. The U.S., on January 20, 2010, designated al-Qaeda in the Arabian Peninsula as a terrorist organisation and called upon the United Nations to follow suit under the Resolution \_\_.  
 (1) 1110 (2) 1267  
 (3) 1367 (4) 1455
72. The three primary colours are—  
 (1) blue, yellow and red  
 (2) yellow, orange and red  
 (3) blue, green and red  
 (4) violet, indigo and blue
73. The dreaded human disease, syphilis is caused by:  
 (1) A bacterium  
 (2) Fungus  
 (3) Virus  
 (4) An animal parasite
74. Chairman of Tax reforms committee was—  
 (1) P. Mukherjee  
 (2) S. Jankiraman  
 (3) K. P. Narsimhan  
 (4) Kelkar
75. Indian Green Revolution is the most successful in:  
 (1) Tea and Coffee  
 (2) Wheat and Rice  
 (3) Wheat and Potato  
 (4) Jwar and Oil seeds
76. India is not a member of:  
 (1) G-15  
 (2) UNO  
 (3) ASEAN  
 (4) Commonwealth
77. Which one of the following is against concentration gradient:  
 (1) Transpiration  
 (2) Diffusion  
 (3) Osmosis  
 (4) Translocation
78. Dental formula of adult human is—  
 (1)  $\frac{2122}{2122}$  (2)  $\frac{2114}{2114}$   
 (3)  $\frac{2123}{2124}$  (4)  $\frac{2123}{2123}$
79. Each human kidney has nearly—  
 (1) 10,000 nephrons  
 (2) 50,000 nephrons  
 (3) 1,00,000 nephrons  
 (4) 2 million nephrons
80. Which cells stop dividing after birth—  
 (1) Glead (2) Liver  
 (3) Neuron (4) Epithelium
81. Parkinsonism is a defect of:  
 (1) Brain (2) Kidney  
 (3) Liver (4) All

82. Deficiency in the activity of adrenal cortex leads to:  
 (1) Addison's disease  
 (2) Simmond's disease  
 (3) Cohn's syndrome  
 (4) Cushing's disease
83. The science of Ageing is called—  
 (1) Chronology  
 (2) Odontology  
 (3) Gynecology  
 (4) Gerontology
84. A pair of contrasting character is called—  
 (1) Genotype  
 (2) Phenotype  
 (3) Allele  
 (4) Gene
85. Match the List-I with List-II and select the correct answer using the codes given below the Lists :
- List I (Authors)**  
 A. Mahatma Gandhi  
 B. Ram Manohar Lohia  
 C. Dr. Rajendra Prasad  
 D. Abul Kalam Azad
- List II (Books)**  
 1. India Divided  
 2. India Wins Freedom  
 3. Hind Swaraj  
 4. The Wheel of History
- |     | A | B | C | D |
|-----|---|---|---|---|
| (1) | 1 | 3 | 4 | 2 |
| (2) | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |
| (3) | 3 | 4 | 1 | 2 |
| (4) | 2 | 3 | 4 | 1 |
86. The Chief constituent of Gobar gas is:  
 (1) Hydrogen (2) Nitrogen  
 (3) Ethane (4) Methane
87. Ozone present in ozone layer of the atmosphere is important because—  
 (1) It gives oxygen on dissociation  
 (2) It shields other gases  
 (3) It helps in growth of plants by absorbing a large proportion of the sun's ultra violet radiations  
 (4) None of these
88. Finance Commission is appointed by the President under article—  
 (1) 256 of constitution  
 (2) 280 of constitution  
 (3) 293 of constitution  
 (4) 243 of constitution
89. As per the data released by the Indian Institute of Foreign Trade on January 1, 2010, imports declined by \_\_\_ per cent to \$22.88 billion in November 2009.  
 (1) 2.6 (2) 3.3  
 (3) 4.8 (4) 5.5
90. Who said these words at the time of quit India movement—'Do or die' ?  
 (1) Mahatma Gandhi  
 (2) J.L. Nehru  
 (3) Sardar Patel  
 (4) Subhash Bose
91. Galvanised iron is coated with a thin coating of  
 (1) Copper (2) Tin  
 (3) Zinc (4) Aluminium
92. Which of the following is not a Fundamental Right ?  
 (1) Right to equality  
 (2) Right to property  
 (3) Right against exploitation  
 (4) Right to freedom of speech
93. Who has been conferred the prestigious Asia Society leadership award ?  
 (1) Anil Ambani  
 (2) Mukesh Ambani  
 (3) Narayan Murthy  
 (4) Kumaramanglam Birla
94. Which of the following bodies finalises the Five-Year Plan proposals ?  
 (1) Planning Commission  
 (2) Union Cabinet  
 (3) National Development Council  
 (4) Ministry of Planning
95. First hormone produce artificially by culturing bacteria is—  
 (1) Testosterone  
 (2) Insulin (3) Thycomine  
 (4) Adrenaline
96. Both B and T-cells of immune system are produce in:  
 (1) Spleen  
 (2) Lymphoid tissue  
 (3) Bone marrow  
 (4) Thymus
97. Which of the following is wrongly matched ?  
 (1) Primary cell—Produces electric current by irreversible chemical reaction  
 (2) Secondary cell—Produces electric current by reversible chemical reaction  
 (3) Accumulator—Electrolyte is in paste form  
 (4) Dry cell—Central carbon rod acts as anode
98. In nuclear fission 1 mg. of  $U^{235}$  disappears. The energy released is—  
 (1)  $9 \times 10^{17}$  ergs  
 (2)  $3 \times 10^{10}$  ergs  
 (3)  $9 \times 10^{20}$  ergs  
 (4)  $9 \times 10^{10}$  ergs
99. Dual nature of matter means, it has both wave and particle properties. Wave property becomes more prominent:  
 (1) at small speeds  
 (2) at high speeds  
 (3) at infinite speeds  
 (4) at all speeds
100. An example of nuclear fusion is—  
 (1) formation of water from hydrogen and oxygen  
 (2) formation of radioactive C-12 from atmospheric nitrogen  
 (3) formation of helium from hydrogen  
 (4) formation of antimony and niobium from uranium
101. Aluminium is obtained from—  
 (1) Bauxite (2) Haemetite  
 (3) Cinnabar (4) Aunite
102. Which is the purest form of iron?  
 (1) Steel (2) Cast iron  
 (3) Pig Iron (4) Wrought iron
103. Mercury vapour lamp gives light rich in—  
 (1) Ultra-violet rays  
 (2) Infra-red rays  
 (3) Visible rays  
 (4) Gamma rays
104. Which of the following is used as a fuel in torpedoes, submarines, rockets etc.—  
 (1) Hydrogen peroxide  
 (2) Magnesium oxide  
 (3) Sulphur dioxide  
 (4) Phosphorus pentoxide
105. Which is the most abundant element in human body ?  
 (1) Oxygen  
 (2) Nitrogen  
 (3) Carbon  
 (4) Hydrogen

- 106.** Traces of Iodine are added to table salt to prevent:  
 (1) Goitre (2) Beri-beri  
 (3) Scurvy (4) Rickets
- 107.** Which of the following is called Oil of Vitriol ?  
 (1) Hydrochloric acid  
 (2) Linseed oil  
 (3) Sulphuric acid  
 (4) Petroleum
- 108.** Which of the following does not exhibit allotropy ?  
 (1) Carbon  
 (2) Sulphur  
 (3) Phosphorus  
 (4) Sodium
- 109.** Sicilian process is used for the manufacture of—  
 (1) Hydrogen  
 (2) Sulphur  
 (3) Phosphorus  
 (4) Calcium
- 110.** Sulphuric acid has great affinity for—  
 (1) Hydrogen (2) Water  
 (3) Oxygen (4) Chlorine
- 111.** An antichlor is a substance used to remove last traces of free chlorine from bleached materials. Which of the following materials can be used as an antichlor ?  
 (1) Hydrogen sulphide  
 (2) Hydrogen peroxide  
 (3) Sulphur dioxide  
 (4) Freon
- 112.** Hydrogen is the lightest of all gases. Which is the second lightest gas ?  
 (1) Helium (2) Argon  
 (3) Chlorine (4) Xenon
- 113.** The dimensions of Planck's constant are the same as the dimensions \_\_\_\_\_  
 (1) Energy  
 (2) Frequency  
 (3) Linear Momentum  
 (4) Angular Momentum
- 114.** An air bubble inside water will behave as—  
 (1) a convex lens  
 (2) a concave lens  
 (3) a plan slab  
 (4) nothing
- 115.** The focal length of a concave lens is 20cm. How far from it an object should be placed so

- that an erect and enlarged image of the object is formed ?  
 (1) 30 cm. (2) 15 cm.  
 (3) 40 cm. (4) 20 cm.
- 116.** Which one set of letters when sequentially placed at the gaps in the given letter series shall complete it?  
 Z X \_ T R \_ N L J \_ F D  
 (1) V P H B (2) V R H B  
 (3) U P J B (4) U P J D
- 117.** A man starts from a point and walks 2 km. towards north. He turns right and walks 3 km. Then he turns left and travels 2 km. What is the direction he is now facing ?  
 (1) East (2) West  
 (3) South (4) North
- 118.** Five men A, B, C, D and E read a newspaper. The one who reads first gives it to C, the one who reads last had taken it from A. E was not the first or last to read. There were two readers between B and A. Find the person who read the newspaper last—  
 (1) E (2) B  
 (3) D (4) A
- 119.** A is B's daughter. B is C's mother. D is C's brother. How is D related to A ?  
 (1) Father (2) Grandfather  
 (3) Brother (4) Son
- 120.** 50 men can dig 40 holes in 30 days. How long will 25 men take to dig 20 holes ?  
 (1) 15 days (2) 22½ days  
 (3) 30 days (4) 45 days
- Directions (121-123) :** Select the related world/number from the given alternatives.
- 121.** Touch : Feel :: Greet : ?  
 (1) Smile  
 (2) Acknowledge  
 (3) Success  
 (4) Manners
- 122.** TALE : LATE :: ? : CAFE  
 (1) FACE (2) CAEF  
 (3) CEF/A (4) FEAC
- 123.** 3 : 243 :: 5 : ?  
 (1) 405 (2) 465  
 (3) 3125 (4) 546
- 124.** Postal voting is otherwise called :  
 (1) plural voting  
 (2) proxy voting  
 (3) weighted voting  
 (4) secret voting

- 125.** Stability of the Government is assured in :  
 (1) Parliamentary Form of Government.  
 (2) Presidential Form of Government.  
 (3) Plural Executive System  
 (4) Direction Democracy
- 126.** According to the Indian Constitution, the vacancy in the office of the President of India shall be filled within :  
 (1) 1 month  
 (2) 6 months  
 (3) 3 months  
 (4) 1 year
- 127.** What is "Vishva Mohini"?  
 (1) Name for India's Beauty Queen  
 (2) The title given to Lata Mangeshkar for her contribution to music  
 (3) An Indian ship  
 (4) A famous book on Indian dances
- 128.** The main function of the World Trade Organisation (WTO) is :  
 (1) enforcing of Uruguay Round Agreements  
 (2) facilitating multi-lateral trade relations of member countries and reviewing trade policies  
 (3) administering trade dispute settlement procedures  
 (4) None of the above
- 129.** Name the author of the book *A Passage to England* :  
 (1) E.M. Forster  
 (2) Nirad C. Choudhary  
 (3) Vikram Seth  
 (4) Eric Segal
- 130.** The World Chess Federation (FIDE), in January 2010, in its Presidential Board meeting at Bursa, \_\_, gave clearance to India's Sriram Jha's Grandmaster title application.  
 (1) Bulgaria (2) Turkey  
 (3) Greece (4) Syria
- 131.** The Indian Naval Ship being converted into a maritime museum is :  
 (1) Sagar Samrat  
 (2) Kanishka  
 (3) Samrat Ashoka  
 (4) Vikrant



132. The first country to legalise medically assisted suicide is :  
 (1) Australia  
 (2) United States  
 (3) Netherlands  
 (4) Switzerland
133. The vice-president of China's Supreme Court who, on January 19, 2010, became the highest-ranking law official to ever be dismissed on charges in the country's six-decade history, is —  
 (1) Chang Lin  
 (2) Mao Tan Zhou  
 (3) Huang Songyou  
 (4) Taka Sheng Min
134. Exobiology deals with the study of :  
 (1) external characters of living organisms  
 (2) life on the surface of the earth  
 (3) life in the outer layers of atmosphere  
 (4) life in other planets and space
135. The Social System of the Harappans was :  
 (1) Fairly egalitarian  
 (2) Slave-Labour based  
 (3) Colour (Varna) based  
 (4) Caste based
136. Which of the following Vedas provides information about the civilisation of the Early Vedic Age ?  
 (1) Rig-veda  
 (2) Yajur-veda  
 (3) Atharva-veda  
 (4) Sama-veda
137. The university which became famous in the post-Gupta Era was :  
 (1) Kanchi (2) Taxila  
 (3) Nalanda (4) Vallabhi
138. Banabhatta was the court poet of which emperor ?  
 (1) Vikramaditya  
 (2) Kumaragupta  
 (3) Harshavardhana  
 (4) Kanishka
139. The first Indian ruler, who established the supremacy of Indian Navy in the Arabian Sea was :  
 (1) Rajaraja I  
 (2) Rajendra I  
 (3) Rajadhiraja I  
 (4) Kulottunga I
140. The Mughal painting reaches its zenith during the reign of :  
 (1) Akbar  
 (2) Jahangir  
 (3) Shahjahan  
 (4) Aurangzeb
141. Permanent Revenue settlement of Bengal was introduced by :  
 (1) Clive (2) Hastings  
 (3) Wellesley (4) Cornwallis
142. The father of extremist movement in India is :  
 (1) Motilal Nehru  
 (2) Gopal Krishna Gokhale  
 (3) Vallabhbhai Patel  
 (4) Bal Gangadhar Tilak
143. The World Bank normally gives :  
 (1) short-term loans  
 (2) medium-term loans  
 (3) long-term loans  
 (4) medium and long-term loans
144. The prices at which the Government purchases food-grain for maintaining the public distribution system and for building up buffer stocks is known as—  
 (1) Minimum support prices  
 (2) Procurement prices  
 (3) Issue prices  
 (4) Ceiling prices
145. Multiplier process in economic theory is conventionally taken to mean :  
 (1) the manner in which prices increase  
 (2) the manner in which banks create credit  
 (3) income of an economy grows on account of an initial investment  
 (4) the manner in which government expenditure increases
146. Structural adjustment loans given by the World Bank are meant for :  
 (1) increasing employment in agriculture  
 (2) increasing export-earning capacity of the borrower country  
 (3) reducing inequalities of income distribution  
 (4) encouraging capital-intensive industries
147. A financial instrument is called a 'primary security' if it represents the liability of :  
 (1) some ultimate borrower  
 (2) the Government of India  
 (3) a primary cooperative bank  
 (4) a commercial bank
148. Service cooperatives are :  
 (1) single purpose societies  
 (2) credit societies  
 (3) marketing societies  
 (4) multi-purpose societies
149. Output at break-even point is that output at which the producer is able to :  
 (1) recover only operating costs  
 (2) recover total costs  
 (3) wipe out earlier losses  
 (4) earn a normal profit
150. India's share in world trade since 1950—  
 (1) has been rising  
 (2) has been constant  
 (3) has been declining  
 (4) has shown a mixed trend
151. Animals do not have enzyme systems which enable them to make use of the energy from :  
 (1) fat (2) water  
 (3) protein  
 (4) carbohydrate
152. A clone is a colony of :  
 (1) cells having different shapes  
 (2) cells having similar shape  
 (3) cells having similar genetic constitution  
 (4) cells having different genetic constitutions
153. The pollen grains of flowers pollinated by insects are :  
 (1) smooth and dry  
 (2) rough and sticky  
 (3) rough and dry  
 (4) large and showy
154. Which one of the following substances is used for preservation of food grains?  
 (1) Sodium benzoate  
 (2) Vinegar  
 (3) Sodium chloride  
 (4) Potassium permanganate
155. The disease caused by Asbestos is :  
 (1) Emphysema  
 (2) Paralysis  
 (3) Diarrhoea  
 (4) Dysentery

- 156.** In the eye, colour vision is effected by the presence of :  
 (1) Choroid coat  
 (2) Sclerotic coat  
 (3) Rods  
 (4) Cones
- 157.** The famous Lagoon lake of India is :  
 (1) Dal Lake  
 (2) Chilka Lake  
 (3) Pulicat Lake  
 (4) Mansarovar
- 158.** The splitting of different colours of light in a prism is :  
 (1) Reflection of light  
 (2) Dispersion of light  
 (3) Diffraction of light  
 (4) Refraction of light
- 159.** Where are most of the earth's active volcanoes concentrated :  
 (1) Europe  
 (2) Pacific Ocean  
 (3) Africa  
 (4) South America
- 160.** The deflection of the winds to the right in the northern hemisphere is caused by :  
 (1) revolution of the earth  
 (2) rotation of the earth  
 (3) uneven heating of the earth  
 (4) All of the above
- 161.** Which of the following is NOT one of the important steps in processing tea leaves?  
 (1) Rolling  
 (2) Drying  
 (3) Fermenting  
 (4) Withering
- 162.** The Grand Canyon is located on the :  
 (1) Colorado River  
 (2) Rhine River  
 (3) Tapti River  
 (4) Niger River
- 163.** The Savannah finds its ideal conditions of growth in :  
 (1) mild and humid climate  
 (2) dry summer and wet winter climate  
 (3) hot humid climate with long dry season  
 (4) hot summer and cool winter climate
- 164.** What should be the proportion of forest cover for India to maintain her ecological balance ?

- (1) 11.1 per cent  
 (2) 22.2 per cent  
 (3) 33.3 per cent  
 (4) 44.4 per cent

**165.** Match List I with List II and find out the correct answer from the codes given below the Lists :

**List I**

**(Thermal Power Plants)**

- A. Kahalgaon  
 B. Farakka  
 C. Ramagundam  
 D. Gandhar

**List II**

**(Locations)**

1. West Bengal  
 2. Bihar  
 3. Gujarat  
 4. Andhra Pradesh

**Codes :**

	A	B	C	D
(1)	1	2	3	4
(2)	4	3	1	2
(3)	2	1	4	3
(4)	3	2	1	4

**166.** Which one of the following States/Union Territories of India recorded the lowest density of population in 1991 Census?

- (1) Sikkim  
 (2) Nagaland  
 (3) Mizoram  
 (4) Arunachal Pradesh

**167.** Three of the following pairs are wrong. Find out the correct one :

- (1) Written Constitution — England  
 (2) Unitary State — USA  
 (3) UN General Assembly — Veto power  
 (4) SAARC — No bilateral issues

**168.** In Indian Republic the real executive authority rests with the :

- (1) Prime Minister  
 (2) President  
 (3) Bureaucrats  
 (4) Council of Ministers

**169.** The Secretary - General of the UNO is appointed by the :

- (1) General Assembly  
 (2) Security Council  
 (3) Trusteeship Council  
 (4) World Bank

**170.** Through which principle or device did Gandhiji strive to bridge economic inequalities?

- (1) Abolition of machinery  
 (2) Establishment of village industries  
 (3) Trusteeship theory  
 (4) None of the above

**171.** Governance through trade union organisations is known as :

- (1) Guild Socialism  
 (2) Fabian Socialism  
 (3) Syndicalism  
 (4) Liberalism

**172.** A and B can do a work in 12 days. B and C in 15 days. C and A in 20 days. If A, B and C work together, they will complete the work in :

- (1) 5 days      (2)  $7\frac{5}{6}$  days

- (3) 10 days      (4)  $15\frac{2}{3}$  days

**173.** Two pipes A and B can fill a tank in 20 minutes and 30 minutes respectively. If pipes are opened together, the time taken to fill the tank is :

- (1) 50 minutes  
 (2) 12 minutes  
 (3) 25 minutes  
 (4) 15 minutes

**174.** If a man walks 20 km. at 5 km./hr., he will be late by 40 minutes. If he walks at 8 km./hr., how early from the fixed time will he reach?

- (1) 15 minutes  
 (2) 25 minutes  
 (3) 50 minutes

- (4)  $1\frac{1}{2}$  hours

**175.** A train 180 m. long moving at the speed of 20 m./sec. overtakes a man moving at a speed of 10m./sec. in the same direction. The train passes the man in :

- (1) 6 sec.      (2) 9 sec.  
 (3) 18 sec.      (4) 27 sec.

**176.** The HCF and LCM of two numbers are 13 and 455 respectively. If one of the numbers lies between 75 and 125 then, that number is :

- (1) 78      (2) 91  
 (3) 104      (4) 117



- 177.** A boy was asked to multiply a certain number by 50. He multiplied it by 30 and got his answer less than the correct one by 400. The number to be multiplied was :
- (1) 10 (2) 20  
(3) 30 (4) 40
- 178.** 0.6 of a number is equal to 0.08 of another number. The ratio of the numbers will be :
- (1) 3 : 4 (2) 4 : 3  
(3) 2 : 15 (4) 2 : 9
- 179.** The least number which when divided by 4, 6, 8, 12 and 16 leaves a remainder of 2 in each case is :
- (1) 46 (2) 48  
(3) 50 (4) 56
- 180.** In a town, the population was 8000. In one year, male population increased by 10 per cent and female population increased by 8 per cent but the total population increased by 9 per cent. The number of males in the town was :
- (1) 4000 (2) 4500  
(3) 5000 (4) 6000
- 181.** In an examination, there were 1000 boys and 800 girls. 60 per cent of the boys and 50 per cent of the girls passed. Find the per cent of the candidates failed ?
- (1) 46.4 (2) 48.4  
(3) 44.4 (4) 49.6
- 182.** If A exceeds B by 40 per cent, B is less than C by 20 per cent, then A : C is :
- (1) 28 : 25 (2) 26 : 25  
(3) 3 : 2 (4) 3 : 1
- 183.** SEBI was established in—
- (1) 1993 (2) 1992  
(3) 1988 (4) 1990
- 184.** For the enforcement of Fundamental rights the courts can issue
- (1) a decree (2) a writ  
(3) an ordinance  
(4) a notification
- 185.** Which of the following writs literally means 'you may have the body' ?
- (1) Habeas corpus  
(2) Certiorari  
(3) Mandamus  
(4) Quo warranto
- 186.** All deleted files and folder will be stored in—
- (1) C-drive (2) Recyclebin  
(3) Desk top (4) None
- 187.** Mahabalipuram temple was built by—
- (1) Pallavas (2) Cheras  
(3) Cholas (4) Pandyas
- 188.** The process by which metal surface is coated with thin layer of Zinc is called—
- (1) Vulcanising  
(2) Electroplating  
(3) Galvanising  
(4) None of these
- 189.** Which soil swells when wet and develops cracks when dry ?
- (1) alluvial (2) black  
(3) red (4) laterite
- 190.** In which State is silent valley located ?
- (1) Tamil Nadu (2) Kerala  
(3) Assam (4) UP
- 191.** Hormones which are necessary for the development of human body are secreted by:
- (1) Thyroid gland  
(2) Parathyroid gland  
(3) Pituitary gland  
(4) Exocrine gland
- 192.** Fat is stored in the human body in—
- (1) Muscular tissue  
(2) adipose tissue  
(3) Connective tissue  
(4) Epithelial tissue
- 193.** Which part of the computer helps to store information?
- (1) Disk drive (2) Keyboard  
(3) Monitor (4) Printer
- 194.** The capital of India was shifted from Calcutta to Delhi in the year
- (1) 1905 (2) 1911  
(3) 1912 (4) 1916
- 195.** In the visible spectrum the colour having the shortest wavelength is \_\_\_\_\_
- (1) violet (2) blue  
(3) red (4) yellow
- 196.** 'Padma Sambhav Mahavihar' the largest Tibetan monastery in eastern India was inaugurated by the Dalai Lama at Jirang in \_\_\_\_\_ district in Orissa on January 12, 2010.
- (1) Puri  
(2) Bhubaneswar  
(3) Cuttack  
(4) Gajapati
- 197.** The maximum labour oriented industry in India is—
- (1) Cement Industry  
(2) Jute Industry  
(3) Iron and steel Industry  
(4) Cotton industry
- 198.** India's Chief of the Army Staff, General Deepak Kapoor, was conferred the honorary rank of General of the \_\_\_\_\_ Army on January 21, 2010.
- (1) Nepal  
(2) Sri Lanka  
(3) Bangladesh  
(4) Afghanistan
- 199.** On whose recommendations was the constituent assembly formed ?
- (1) Mountbatten plan  
(2) Cabinet mission plan  
(3) Cripps mission  
(4) 1935 Act
- 200.** The maturity of a river course is recognised by the presence of—
- (1) V-shaped valley  
(2) Meanders  
(3) Gorges  
(4) High denudational power

### ANSWERS

1. (1) seals 2. (3) Udayin  
3. (4) Iltutmish 4. (4) Sriharikota  
5. (2) thermal  
6. (1) Maharashtra  
7. (1) Dr. Rajendra Prasad  
8. (3) Three  
9. (1) The Parliament  
10. (3) 5th June  
11. (1) the right to equality  
12. (4) vitamin-B 13. (4) Iron oxide  
14. (3) reflection of light  
15. (2) lactic acid  
16. (3) London  
17. (1) Madhya Pradesh  
18. (2) Best Actress – Katrina Kaif  
19. (2) Punjab  
20. (1) Petroleum  
21. (3) both (1) and (2)  
22. (3) downloading  
23. (3) Modulating and demodulating device  
24. (2) Surat 25. (3) Akbar  
26. (1) Khan Abdul Ghaffar Khan  
27. (2) M L Dhingra  
28. (1) CR Rao

29. (4) 1992  
 30. (2) The Election Commission  
 31. (3) Election Commission  
 32. (2) Gujarat 33. (2) the Aravallis  
 34. (3) rain-shadow area  
 35. (2) cotton textile  
 36. (4) White Leghorn  
 37. (2) Karnataka  
 38. (1) blood cancer  
 39. (2) morphine  
 40. (1) chromium and steel  
 41. (1) Urea 42. (1) Maximize  
 43. (3) sct  
 44. (3) 828 metres  
 45. (4) Net capital formation  
 46. (1) Tea 47. (3) 1942  
 48. (1) a history of Kashmir  
 49. (3) 1940 50. (3) a pain killer  
 51. (4) Protection of life and personal liberty  
 52. (3) Freedom of movement  
 53. (1) Art. 19 (2) read with Art. 19 (1)  
 54. (1) his power to grant pardon etc.  
 55. (1) Nerve cells  
 56. (2) Thymine 57. (2) Cytoplasm  
 58. (3) Carbonic anhydrase  
 59. (4) Waksman  
 60. (1) Algae 61. (4) Blue whale  
 62. (3) Mortality Rate = Birth Rate  
 63. (2) Kaziranga  
 64. (4) Secondary Xylem  
 65. (2) Principles and practises of statecraft  
 66. (2) The leader of the largest Party in the Lok Sabha  
 67. (3) Industrial wastes  
 68. (4) Bangladesh  
 69. (3) Nichromé  
 70. (4) Income  
 71. (2) 1267  
 72. (3) blue, green and red  
 73. (1) A bacterium  
 74. (4) Kelkar  
 75. (2) Wheat and Rice  
 76. (3) ASEAN 77. (3) Osmosis  
 78. (4)  $\frac{2123}{2123}$   
 79. (4) 2 million nephrons  
 80. (3) Neuron 81. (1) Brain  
 82. (1) Addison's disease  
 83. (4) Gerontology  
 84. (3) Allele  
 85. (3) A B C D  
 3 4 1 2

86. (4) Methane  
 87. (3) It helps in growth of plants by absorbing a large proportion of the sun's ultra violet radiations  
 88. (2) 280 of constitution  
 89. (1) 2.6  
 90. (1) Mahatma Gandhi  
 91. (3) Zinc  
 92. (2) Right to property  
 93. (2) Mukesh Ambani  
 94. (1) Planning Commission  
 95. (2) Insulin  
 96. (3) Bone marrow  
 97. (3) Accumulator-Electrolyte is in paste form  
 98. (1)  $9 \times 10^{17}$  ergs  
 99. (2) at high speeds  
 100. (3) formation of helium from hydrogen  
 101. (1) Bauxite  
 102. (4) Wrought iron  
 103. (1) Ultra-violet rays  
 104. (1) Hydrogen peroxide  
 105. (1) Oxygen 106. (1) Goitre  
 107. (3) Sulphuric acid  
 108. (4) Sodium 109. (2) Sulphur  
 110. (2) Water  
 111. (3) Sulphur dioxide  
 112. (1) Helium  
 113. (4) Angular Momentum  
 114. (2) a concave lens  
 115. (2) 15 cm. 116. (1) V P H B  
 117. (4) North 118. (3) D  
 119. (3) Brother 120. (3) 30 days  
 121. (2) Acknowledge  
 122. (1) FACE 123. (3) 3125  
 124. (2) proxy voting  
 125. (2) Presidential Form of Government.  
 126. (2) 6 months  
 127. (4) A famous book on Indian dances  
 128. (2) facilitating multi-lateral trade relations of member countries and reviewing trade policies  
 129. (2) Nirad C. Choudhary  
 130. (2) Turkey 131. (4) Vikrant  
 132. (3) Netherlands  
 133. (3) Huang Songyou  
 134. (4) life in other planets and space  
 135. (1) Fairly egalitarian  
 136. (1) Rig-veda 137. (3) Nalanda  
 138. (3) Harshavardhana  
 139. (1) Rajaraja I  
 140. (2) Jahangir 141. (4) Cornwallis  
 142. (4) Bal Gangadhar Tilak

143. (4) medium and long-term loans  
 144. (2) Procurement prices  
 145. (3) income of an economy grows on account of an initial investment  
 146. (4) encouraging capital-intensive industries  
 147. (2) the Government of India  
 148. (3) marketing societies  
 149. (2) recover total costs  
 150. (4) has shown a mixed trend  
 151. (2) water  
 152. (3) cells having similar genetic constitution  
 153. (2) rough and sticky  
 154. (1) Sodium benzoate  
 155. (1) Emphysema  
 156. (4) Cones  
 157. (2) Chilka Lake  
 158. (2) Dispersion of light  
 159. (2) Pacific Ocean  
 160. (2) rotation of the earth  
 161. (3) Fermenting  
 162. (1) Colorado River  
 163. (3) hot humid climate with long dry season  
 164. (3) 33.3 per cent  
 165. (3) A B C D  
 2 1 4 3  
 166. (4) Arunachal Pradesh  
 167. (4) SAARC — No bilateral issues  
 168. (4) Council of Ministers  
 169. (1) General Assembly  
 170. (3) Trusteeship theory  
 171. (3) Syndicalism  
 172. (3) 10 days 173. (2) 12 minutes  
 174. (3) 50 minutes  
 175. (3) 18 sec. 176. (2) 91  
 177. (2) 20 178. (3) 2 : 15  
 179. (3) 50 180. (1) 4000  
 181. (3) 44.4 182. (1) 28 : 25  
 183. (3) 1988 184. (2) a writ  
 185. (1) Habeas corpus  
 186. (2) Recyclebin  
 187. (1) Pallavas 188. (3) Galvanising  
 189. (2) black 190. (2) Kerala  
 191. (3) Pituitary gland  
 192. (2) adipose tissue  
 193. (1) Disk drive  
 194. (2) 1911 195. (3) red  
 196. (4) Gajapati  
 197. (4) Cotton Industry  
 198. (1) Nepal  
 199. (2) Cabinet mission plan  
 200. (1) V-shaped valley