

1. Which one of the following questions is relevant to the construction estimates
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A.Did the estimators precisely evaluate site conditions?

- B.Did the estimators use short cut methods which may be un realistic in their situation?
- C.How much money will the contractor's risk, loosing if he Were to submit bid on the raw estimate of cost.
- D.All of these

Answer: Option D

- 2. The ratio obtained by dividing 'quick assests' by current liabilities is called
- A.Turnover ratio
- B.Acid test ratio
- C.Solvency ratio
- D.None of these.

Answer: Option B

- 3. Which one of the following definitions, is correct?
- A. The ratio of total debt to share holder's equity is called 'debt ratio'.
- B.The ratio debt-to-total assests is called Debt-to-total assest ratio.
- C.The ratio of earnings before interest and taxes for a particular reporting period to the amount of interest charges for the period, is called interest coverage ratio.
- D.All of these

Answer: Option D

4. Pick up the element of the cost from the following:

A.direct material

- B.direct labour
- C.Over head
- D.All of these

Answer: Option D

5. The estimator for definitive estimates must be able :



A.and an all-around construction expert.

B.to read the plans and specifications to determine accurate quantities of permanent materials and installed Equipment.

C.to express the job material requirements in dimensions suitable for costing and construction supplies.

Answer: Option C

6. The ratio of current assests to current liabilities is known as

A.Liquidity ratio
B.Current ratio
C.Acid-Test (or Quick) ratio
D.Debts ratio

Answer: Option B

7. Pick up the correct statement from the following:

A.An annuity is a series of equal payments occurring at equal period of time.

B. Annuity is called an equal payment or uniform payment series.

C.An annuity may have periods of time of any length but should always be of equal length.

D.All the above.

Answer: Option D

8. The construction estimate of a project is used by :

A.the owner of the facility
B.the consulting architect/engineer
C.the contractor of the project
D.All of these

Answer: Option D

9. Both architect and engineer make use of the cost estimate of the project:

A.for site selection
B.for designing of the project
C.for choosing alternatives



D.All of these

Answer: Option D

10. If a is the base amount expenditure, b is the increase in the operation cost each year over a period of n years, the total cost of maintenance is:

Answer: Option B

11. A district road with a bituminous pavement has a horizontal curve of 1000 m for a design speed of 75 km ph. The super-elevation is

A.1 in 40

B.1 in 50

C.1 in 60

D.1 in 70

E.none of these.

Answer: Option A

12. The minimum value of camber provided for thin bituminous surface hill roads, is

A.2.2%

B.2.5%

C.3.0%

D.3.5%

Answer: Option B

13. Design of horizontal and vertical alignments, super-elevation, sight distance and grades, is worst affected by

A.width of the vehicle

B.length of the vehicle

C.height of the vehicle



D.speed of the vehicle

Answer: Option D

14. Thickness of a pavement may be reduced considerably by

A.compaction of soil

B.stabilisation of soil

C.drainage of soil

D.combination of all the above.

Answer: Option D

15. The total length of a valley formed by two gradients - 3% and + 2% curve between the two tangent points to provide a rate of change of centrifugal acceleration 0.6 m/sec2, for a design speed 100 km ph, is

 $A.16.0\ m$  https://www.freshersnow.com/previous-year-question-papers/ B.42.3 m

C.84.6 m

D.none of these.

Answer: Option C

16. Border Roads Organisation for hilly regions, was formed in

A.1947

B.1954

C.1958

D.1960

E.1962

Answer: Option D

17. Pick up the incorrect statement from the following. The super-elevation on roads is

A.directly proportional to width of pavement

B.directly proportional to velocity of vehicles

C.inversely proportional to acceleration due to gravity

D.inversely proportional to the radius of curvature.



Answer: Option B

18. The weaving length of a roadway is the distance

A.between the channelising islands B.equal to half circumference C.equal to total width of adjoining radial roads

D.equal to diameter of rotary.

Answer: Option A

19. Road makers along roads from the edge of a kerb should not be less than

A.40 cm

B.45 cm

C.50 cm

 $\begin{array}{c} D.55~cm \\ \text{https://www.freshers.now.com/previous-year-question-papers/} \end{array}$ 

E.60 cm

Answer: Option E

20. Traffic surveys are carried out

A.to know the type of traffic B.to determine the facilities to traffic regulations C.to design proper drainage system D.all the above.

Answer: Option D

21. Which one of the following statements is correct?

A. Snow albedo falls at all wave length with the increase of grain size B.The effect of grain size on reflection is maximum in the near-IR region

C.The effect of grain size on reflection is low in the visible region of the spectrum

D.All of these

Answer: Option D



#### 22. The refractive index of the ocean water:

A.increases with salinity

B.increases with temperature

C.decreases with salinity

D.decreases with temperature

Answer: Option A

23. The arrangement of terrain features which provides attributes: the shape, size and texture of objects, is called :

A.spectral variation

**B.**spatial variation

C.temporal variation

D.None of these.

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Answer: Option B

#### 24. Electromagnetic radiation:

A.produces a time varying magnetic field and vice versa

B.once generated, remains self-propagat-ing.

C.is capable to travel across space

D.consists of magnetic and electric fields

E.All of these

Answer: Option E

25. Pick up the important characteristic of a target which facilitates its identification from the following:

A.spectral variation

B.spatial variation

C.temporal variation

D.polarisation variation

E.All of these

Answer: Option E



27. Pick up the excavation where measurements are made in square metres for payment.

A.Ordinary cuttings up to 1 m

B.surface dressing up to 15 cm depths

C.Surface excavation up to 30 cm depths

D.Both (b) and (c)

E.Both (a) and (b)

Answer: Option D

28. The expected out turn of 2.5 cm cement concrete floor per manson per day

A.2.5 sqm

B.5.0 sqm

C.7.5 sqm

D.10 sqm

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Answer: Option C

29. The order of booking dimensions is

A.Length, breadth, height

B.Breadth, length, height

C.Height, breadth, length

D.None of these.

Answer: Option A

30. Pick up the correct statement in case of water supply.

A.Pipes laid in trenches and pipes fixed to walls are measured separately

B.Cutting through walls and floors are included with the item

C.Pipes are classified according to their sizes and quality

D.In laying pipes, the method of jointing and fixing is specifically specified

E.All the above.

Answer: Option E